CHAPTER 159 - UNSAFE BUILDINGS RULES AND REGULATIONS

159.01

Under the provisions of Indiana Code 36-7-9, there is hereby established the Bremen Unsafe Building Law.

159.02

Indiana Code 36-7-9 through 36-7-9-28 is hereby adopted by reference as the Bremen Unsafe Building Law. All proceedings within the Town of Bremen for the inspection, repair, and removal of unsafe buildings shall be governed by said law and the provisions of this ordinance. In the event the provisions of this ordinance conflict with the provisions of Indiana Code 36-7-9 through 36-7-9-28, then the provisions of the State statue shall control.

159.03

All buildings or portions thereof within the Town of Bremen which are determined after inspection by the Building Commissioner to be unsafe as defined in this ordinance are hereby declared to be public nuisances and shall be abated by repair, rehabilitation, demolition, or removal.

159.04

The Bremen Building Inspector, as chief administrative officer of the Bremen Board of Zoning Appeals, shall be authorized to administer and to proceed under the provisions of said law in ordering the repair or removal of any buildings found to be unsafe as specified therein or as specified thereafter.

159.05

The Bremen Board of Zoning Appeals in hereby designated the hearing authority for the implementation of this ordinance.

159.06

Wherever in the building regulations of Bremen or the Bremen Unsafe Building Law it is provided that anything must be done to the approval of or subject to the direction of the Building Commissioner, or any other officer of the Town, this shall be construed to give such officer only the discretion to determine whether the rules and standards established by ordinance have been complied with; and no such provisions shall be construed as giving any officer discretionary powers as to what such regulations or standards shall be, power to require conditions not prescribed by ordinance, or to enforce ordinance provisions in an arbitrary or discretionary manner.

159.07

The description of an unsafe building contained in Indiana Code 36-7-9-4 is hereby supplemented to provide minimum standards for building condition or maintenance in the Town of Bremen, Indiana by adding the following definition:

UNSAFE BUILDING: Any building or structure which has any or all of the conditions

or defects hereinafter described shall be deemed to be an unsafe building, provided that such conditions or defects exist to the extent that life, health, property, or safety of the public or its occupants are endangered.

- a. Whenever any door, aisle, passageway, or other means of exit is not sufficient width or size or is not so arranged as to provide safe and adequate means of exit in case of fire or panic.
- b. Whenever the stress in any materials, member, or portion thereof, due to all dead and live loads, is more than one and one-half times the working stress or stresses allowed for new buildings of similar structure, purpose or location.
- c. Whenever any portion thereof has been damaged by fire, earthquake, wind, flood, or by any other cause, to such an extent that the structural strength or stability thereof is materially less than it was before such catastrophe and is less than the minimum requirements for new buildings or similar structure, purpose or location.
- d. Whenever any portion, member, or appurtenance thereof is likely to fail, to become detached or dislodged, or to collapse and thereby injure persons or damage property.
- e. Whenever any portion of a building, or any member, appurtenance, ornamentation or the exterior thereof is not of sufficient strength or stability or is not so anchored, attached, or fastened in place so as to be capable of resisting a wind pressure of one-half of that specified for new buildings or similar structure, purpose or location without exceeding the working stresses permitted for such buildings.
- f. Whenever any portion thereof has wreaked, warped, buckled or settled to such an extent that walls or other structural portions have materially less resistance to winds or earthquake than is required in the case of similar new construction.
- g. Whenever the building or structure, or any portion thereof, because of (a) dilapidation, deterioration, or decay, (b) faulty construction, (c) the removal, movement or instability of any portion of the ground necessary for the purpose of supporting such building, (d) the deterioration, decay or inadequacy of its foundation, or (e) any other cause, is likely to partially or completely collapse.
- h. Whenever, for any reason, the building or structure, or any portion thereof, is manifestly unsafe for the purpose for which it is being used.
- i. Whenever the exterior walls or other vertical structural members list, lean, or buckle to such an extent that a plumb line passing through the center of gravity does not fall inside the middle one-third of the base.
- j. Whenever the building or structure, exclusive of the foundation, shows thirty-three percent (33%) or more damage or deterioration of its supporting member or members, of fifty percent (50%) damage or deterioration of its non-supporting members, enclosing or outside walls or coverings.
- k. Whenever the building or structure has been so damaged by fire, wind, earthquake or flood or has become so dilapidated or deteriorated so as to become (a) an attractive nuisance to children, or (b) freely accessible to persons for the purpose of committing unlawful acts.

- Whenever any building or structure has been constructed, exists or is maintained in violation of any specific requirement or prohibition applicable to such building or structure provided by the building regulations of the Town, or of any law or ordinance of this State or Town relating to the condition, location or structure of buildings.
- m. Whenever any building or structure which, whether or not erected in accordance with all applicable laws and ordinances has in any non-supporting part, member or portion less than fifty percent (50%), or in any support part, member or portion less than sixty-six percent (66%) or the (a) strength, (b) fire-resisting qualities or characteristics, or (c) weather-resisting qualities or characteristics required by law in the case of a newly constructed building of like area, height and occupancy in the same location.
- n. Whenever a building or structure, used or intended to be used for dwelling purposes, because of inadequate maintenance, dilapidation, decay, damage, faulty construction or arrangements, inadequate light, air or sanitation facilities, or otherwise, is determined by the Building Commissioner to be unsanitary, unfit for human habitation, or in such a condition that is likely to cause sickness or disease.
- Whenever any building or structure, because of obsolescence, dilapidated condition, deterioration, damage, inadequate exits, lack of sufficient fire-resistive construction, faulty electric wiring, gas connections, or heating apparatus, or other cause, is determined by the Fire Official to be a fire hazard.
- p. Whenever any portion of a building or structure remains on a site after the demolition or destruction of the building or structure or whenever any building or structure is abandoned for a period of excess of six (6) months so as to constitute such building or portion thereof an attractive nuisance or hazard to the public.
- r. All work for the reconstruction, alteration, repair or demolition of buildings and other structures shall be performed in a good workmanlike manner according to the accepted standards and practices in the trade. The provisions of the rules pertaining to construction, plumbing, electrical, mechanical and one and two family dwellings promulgated by the Fire Prevention and Building Safety Commission of Indiana shall be considered standard and acceptable practice for all matters covered by this ordinance or orders issued pursuant to this ordinance by the Building Commissioner of the Town of Bremen, Indiana.
- s. An Unsafe Building Fund is hereby designated and established in the operating budget of the Board of Zoning Appeals in accordance with the provisions of I.C. 36-7-914.
- t. No person, firm or corporation, whether as owner, lessee, sublessee or occupant shall erect, construct, enlarge, alter, repair, move, improve, remove, demolish, equip, use, occupy or maintain any building or premises, or cause or permit the same to be done, contrary to or in violation of any of the provisions of this ordinance or any order issued by the Building Commissioner. Any persons violating the provisions of this ordinance or I.C. 36-7-9-28 shall commit a Class C infraction for any day such violation continues.
- u. Should any section, paragraph, sentence, clause or phrase of this ordinance be declared unconstitutional or invalid for any reasons, the remainder of said ordinance shall not be affected thereby.